

Veterinary Usage Guide



An Ounce of Prevention is Priceless

Veterinary hygiene has been a neglected subject in recent years. Now with increasing emphasis on biosecurity on the farm and practice accreditation, it is essential that veterinary practices are familiar with the general principle of sanitization and disinfection and their implementation.¹

Development and implementation of a step-by-step disinfection protocol for the control and prevention of infectious disease is essential for veterinary clinics.

ANIMAL PATHOGENS	538ppm	1076ppm	4306ppm
Canine Parvovirus*		10	
Herpes simplex virus type 1*		10	
Newcastle Disease Virus*		10	
Pseudorabies virus*		10	
Feline Calicivirus*		10	
Canine Distemper virus*		10	
Minute Virus of Mouse (MVM)*		10	
Teschen/Talfan disease*		10	
Influenza A Virus H1N1*		10	
Avian Influenza A virus (H5N1)*			1
Porcine parvovirus*		10	
Runting & Stunting virus (tenosynovitis)*		10	
<i>Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae</i> *		10	
<i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> *		4	
Brachyspira Hyodysenteriae (Treponema/Serpulina) (swine dysentery)*		10	
Gumboro disease*		10	
<i>Streptococcus uberis</i> *		10	
Transmissible gastroenteritis (TGE)*		30	
Swine Vesicular disease*		30	
African swine fever*		30	
Hog cholera/Classical swine fever*		30	
Avipox (fowl pox)*		30	
Respiratory syncytial virus*	10		
Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus*		10	1
Porcine epidemic diarrhea virus*		10	

* This (animal pathogen) use has not been approved by the California DPR

Dwell times relevant to ppm concentration indicated in minutes.